2019 BENEFITS REFERENCE GUIDE



Key Filing Dates and Deadlines

for 2019 Calendar-Year Defined Contribution Retirement Plans

Subject to ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code

JANUARY

- 31 Distribute IRS Forms W-2 (to recipients)
- 31 Distribute IRS Forms 1099-R (to recipients)
- 31 Form 945 due to IRS

FEBRUARY

28 File Form 1099-R to IRS (paper forms)

MARCH

15 Process corrective distributions for failed ADP/ACP tests without 10% excise tax

APRIL

- 1 Make Required Minimum Distributions (RMDs) for participants who turned 70½ during 2018
- 1 | File Form 1099-R with the IRS (electronic filing only)
- 15 Process corrective distributions for excess employee deferral

JULY

- 1 Process corrective distributions for failed ADP/ACP tests from eligible automatic contribution arrangement (EACA) plans without 10% excise tax
- 29 Distribute Summary of Material Modifications for 2018 plan document changes
- 31 | File IRS Form 5500 (plan informational return) (without extension)
- 31 | File IRS Form 8955-SSA (deferred vested benefit reporting) (without extension)
- 31 File IRS Form 5558, Application for Extension of Time to File Certain Employee Plan Returns
- 31 Distribute annual benefit statements for 403(b) and nonparticipant-directed 401(k) plans

SEPTEMBER

30 Distribute Summary Annual Report (SAR) to participants (without extension)

OCTOBER

- 15 | File Form 5500 (with extension)
- 15 File Form 8955-SSA (with extension)

DECEMBER

- 2 | Send Annual 401(k) and 401(m) safe harbor notice
- 2 | Send annual auto-enrollment notice
- 2 | Send annual qualified default investment alternative (QDIA) notice
- 16 Distribute SAR to participants (with extension)
- 31 Amend plan for most discretionary changes implemented during plan year
- 31 Process RMDs (other than initial distributions)



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Annual Benefits Limits for 2019

Contribution and Benefit Limits	2019 limit	2018 limit
Elective deferrals to 401(k), 403(b), 457(b) plans Catch-up deferrals to 401(k), 403(b), 457(b) plans Definition of highly compensated employee Annual compensation limit for benefit purposes Annual compensation limit for key employee determination Maximum defined contribution plan annual contribution Maximum annual benefit from defined benefit pension plans	\$19,000 \$6,000 \$125,000 \$280,000 \$180,000 \$56,000 \$225,000	\$18,500 \$6,000 \$120,000 \$275,000 \$175,000 \$55,000 \$220,000
Individual Retirement Account Contributions		
Traditional, spousal, & Roth contribution limits Catch-up contribution limit	\$6,000 \$1,000	\$5,500 \$1,000
Health Savings Accounts (HSA)		
Single: Annual contribution limit	\$3,500 \$1,350 \$6,750 \$7,000 \$2,700 \$13,500 \$1,000	\$3,450 \$1,350 \$6,650 \$6,900 \$2,700 \$13,300 \$1,000
Flexible Spending Accounts (FSA)		
Employee health FSA pretax contribution Dependent care FSA household contribution	\$2,700 \$5,000	\$2,650 \$5,000
Social Security		
OASDI tax rate AASDI taxable wage base Cost of living adjustment for benefits	6.2% \$132,900 2.8%	6.2% \$128,400 2%
Medicare		
Part A tax rate Part A additional individual tax rate*	1.45% 0.9%	1.45% 0.9%
Qualified transportation Benefits - Monthly Limits**		
Parking Transit pass/commuter vehicle	\$265 \$265	\$260 \$260
Employee Stock Ownership Plans		
Maximum balance for 5-year distribution Amount to lengthen 5-year period	\$1,130,000 \$225,000	\$1,105,000 \$220,000

^{*}Tax applies for married filing jointly above \$250,000; married filing separately above \$125,000; single above \$200,000; head of household (with qualifying person) above \$200,000; and qualifying widow(er) with dependent child above \$200,000.

^{**}Although employee will continue to be able to receive these benefits, employers can no longer take a deduction related to certain qualified transportation fringe benefits.

